

# Phrases that Help and Hinder Healthy Eating

## Our Words Matter

As the caregiver, you play the biggest role in your child's eating behavior. What you say has an impact on developing healthy eating habits. Negative phrases can easily be changed into positive, helpful ones!

## Phrases that Hinder

- "Eat that for me."
- "If you do not eat one more bite, I will be mad."

Phrases like these teach your child to eat for your approval and love. This can lead your child to have unhealthy behaviors, attitudes, and beliefs about food and about themselves.

- "You're such a big girl; you finished all your peas."
- "Look at your sister. She ate all of her bananas; you can do the same."
- "You have to take one more bite before you leave the table."

Phrases like these teach your child to ignore fullness. It is better for kids to stop eating when full or satisfied, instead of stopping when all the food has been eaten.

- "See, that didn't taste so bad, did it?"

This phrase implies to your child that he or she was wrong to refuse the food. This can lead to unhealthy attitudes about food or self.

- "No dessert until you eat your vegetables."
- "Stop crying and I will give you a cookie."

Offering some foods, like dessert, in reward for finishing others, like vegetables, makes some foods seem better than others. Getting a food treat when upset teaches your child to eat to feel better. This can lead to overeating, especially with unhealthy foods.

## Phrases that Help

- "This is kiwi fruit; it's sweet like a strawberry."
- "These radishes are very crunchy!"

Phrases like these help to point out the sensory qualities of food. They encourage your child to try new foods.

- “Is your stomach telling you that you’re full?”
- “Is your stomach still making its hungry growling noise?”
- “Has your tummy had enough?”

Phrases like these help your child to recognize when he or she is full. This can prevent overeating.

- “Do you like that?”
- “Which one is your favorite?”
- Everybody likes different foods, don’t they?”

Phrases like these make your child feel like he or she is making the choices. It also shifts the focus toward the taste of the food, rather than who was right.”

- “We can try these vegetables again another time. Next time, would you like to try them raw instead of cooked?”
- “I am sorry you are sad. Come here and let me give you a big hug.”

Reward your child with attention and kind words, rather than desserts. Comfort them with hugs and talks. Show love by spending time and having fun together. These methods can help encourage children to keep trying new foods and not associate bad feelings with the need to eat.

## Final Considerations

For more information about healthy eating and active living resources, email [5210healthywashoe@nnph.org](mailto:5210healthywashoe@nnph.org).